

10.8 Composite Solids

Worksheet

Name _____

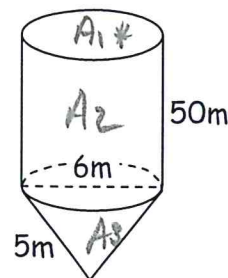
Period _____

Keep answers in terms of π , unless indicated to round to the nearest tenth.

A well, with a cylindrical wall of 50 m. and a diameter of 6 m., is dug.

The bottom of the well is tapered to a cone with slant height of 5 m.

Building codes require the well to be covered.*



1. Find the height of the cone.



Pythagorean triplet

$$B = \sqrt{C^2 - A^2} \\ = \sqrt{25m^2 - 9m^2} \\ = \sqrt{16m^2} \\ = 4m$$

2. Find the amount of material needed to construct the surface area of the well.

$$AT = A_1 + A_2 + A_3 \\ = 28.26m^2 + 942m^2 + 47.1m^2 \\ = 1017.36m^2$$

$$A_1 = \pi r^2 \\ = 3.14 \times 3m \times 3m \\ = 28.26m^2$$

$$A_3 = \pi r s \\ = 3.14 \times 3m \times 5m \\ = 47.1m^2$$

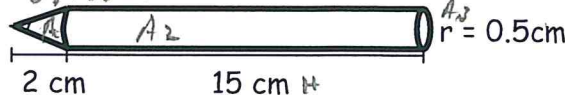
3. Find the volume of water that this well could hold.

$$VT = VA_2 + VA_3 \\ = 1413m^3 + 37.68m^3 \\ = 1450.68m^3$$

$$VA_2 = A_1 \times H \\ = 28.26m^2 \times 50m \\ = 1413m^3$$

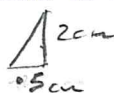
$\therefore$ The total volume is 1450.7 m³

A small lead pencil has a cylindrical base and a conical point.



4. Find the slant height of the cone. (Use the Pythagorean theorem.)

Round to the nearest tenth.



$$S = \sqrt{a^2 + b^2} \\ = \sqrt{(0.5cm)^2 + (2cm)^2} \\ = \sqrt{0.25cm^2 + 4cm^2} \\ = \sqrt{4.25cm^2} \\ = 2.06cm$$

The slant height to the nearest tenth
2.1 cm

5. Find the surface area of the whole pencil.

$$SAT = A_1 + A_2 + A_3 \\ = 3.297cm^2 + 47.1cm^2 + 0.785cm^2 \\ = 51.182cm^2$$

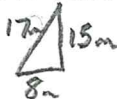
$$A_2 = 2\pi rH \\ = 3.14 \times 0.5cm \times 15cm \\ = 47.1cm^2$$

$$A_3 = \pi r^2 \\ = 3.14 \times 0.5cm \times 0.5cm \\ = 0.785cm^2$$

$\therefore$ The surface area of the pencil is 51.2 cm² (to the nearest 10th)

A rocket has dimensions as shown to the right. The entire rocket is filled with fuel.

6. Find the height of the cone?



$$H = \sqrt{C^2 - A^2} \\ = \sqrt{289m^2 - 64m^2} \\ = \sqrt{225m^2} \\ = 15m$$

The height is 15m

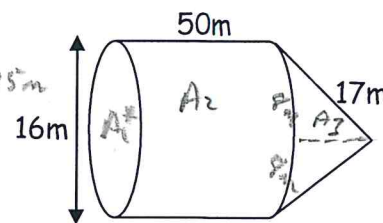
7. Find the amount of material needed to construct the surface area of the rocket.

$$AT = A_1 + A_2 + A_3 \\ = 2512m^2 + 427.04m^2 \\ = 2939.04m^2$$

$$A_1 = \pi r^2 \\ = 3.14 \times (8m)^2 \\ = 200.96m^2$$

$$A_2 = 2\pi rH \\ = 3.14 \times 8m \times 17m \\ = 2512m^2$$

$\therefore$ Total surface/amount of material is 2939.04 m²



$$A_3 = \pi r^2 \\ = 3.14 \times 8m \times 8m \\ = 427.0m^2$$

8. What is the volume of fuel that the rocket may contain?

$$VT = VA_2 + VA_3 \\ = 10048m^3 + 1004.8m^3 \\ = 11052.8m^3$$

$$VA_2 = A_1 \times H \\ = 200.96m^2 \times 50m \\ = 10048m^3$$

$$VA_3 = \frac{A_1 \times H_0}{3} \\ = \frac{200.96m^2 \times 15m}{3} \\ = 1004.8m^3$$

Total volume is 11052.8 m³

9. A stick of Sure Solid deodorant is shown to the right.

Find the amount of material (surface area) needed to construct the container.

$$A_T = A_1 + A_2 + A_3$$

$$= 28.26 \text{ cm}^2 + 188.4 \text{ cm}^2 + 56.52 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$= 273.18 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$\approx 273.2 \text{ cm}^2$$

$\therefore$ The amount of material needed to construct the container is 273.2 cm^2

$$A_1 = \pi r^2$$

$$= 3.14 \times 3 \text{ cm} \times 3 \text{ cm}$$

$$= 28.26 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$A_2 = 2\pi rH$$

$$= 2 \times 3.14 \times 3 \text{ cm} \times 10 \text{ cm}$$

$$= 188.4 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$A_3 = \frac{1}{2} \text{ Sphere}$$

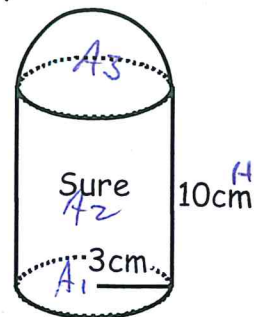
$$= \frac{1}{2} \times 4\pi r^2$$

$$= 2\pi r^2$$

$$= 2A_1$$

$$= 2 \times 28.26 \text{ cm}^2$$

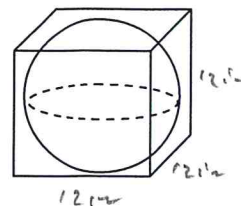
$$= 56.52 \text{ cm}^2$$



The sphere just fits in a cube with edges 12 in. long.

10. What is the radius of the sphere?

The radius is half the diameter, so it is 12 in. $\div 2$ or 6 in.



11. What is the volume of the space between the sphere and cube?

Round to the nearest tenth.

$$V_{\text{space}} = V_{\text{cube}} - V_{\text{sphere}}$$

$$= 1728 \text{ in}^3 - 904.32 \text{ in}^3$$

$$= 823.68 \text{ in}^3$$

$$V_{\text{cube}} = s^3$$

$$= (12 \text{ in})^3$$

$$= 1728 \text{ in}^3$$

$$V_{\text{sphere}} = \frac{4}{3} \pi r^3$$

$$= \frac{4}{3} \times 3.14 \times 6 \text{ in} \times 6 \text{ in} \times 6 \text{ in}$$

$$= 904.32 \text{ in}^3$$

$\therefore$ The space left is 823.7 in^3

12. Find the volume of the composite solid. Round to the nearest tenth.

$$V_T = 2V_1 + V_2$$

$$= 1004.8 \text{ m}^3 + 870.83 \text{ m}^3$$

$$= 1875.63 \text{ m}^3$$

$\therefore$ The volume is 1875.6 m^3 .

$$V_1 = \frac{A_{\text{face}} \times H_1}{3}$$

$$= \frac{200.96 \times 15 \text{ m}}{3}$$

$$= \frac{3014.4 \text{ m}^2}{3}$$

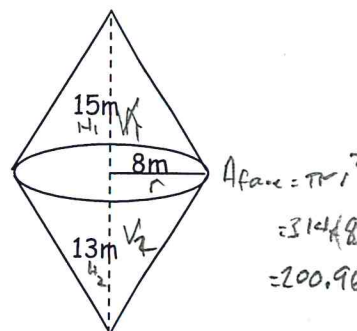
$$= 1004.8 \text{ m}^3$$

$$V_2 = \frac{A_{\text{face}} \times H_2}{3}$$

$$= \frac{200.96 \text{ m}^2 \times 13 \text{ m}}{3}$$

$$= \frac{2612.48 \text{ m}^3}{3}$$

$$\approx 870.83 \text{ m}^3$$



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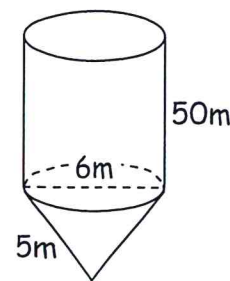
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A well, with a cylindrical wall of 50 m. and a diameter of 6 m., is dug.

The bottom of the well is tapered to a cone with slant height of 5 m.

Building codes require the well to be covered.



1. Find the height of the cone.

$$b = \sqrt{c^2 - a^2}$$

$$h = 4m$$

2. Find the amount of material needed to construct the surface area of the well.

$$S_c = \pi r L = \pi (3m)(5m) = 15\pi m^2$$

$$S_T = S_c + S_{cyl} = 324\pi$$

$$S_{cyl} = \pi r^2 + 2\pi r h = 9\pi m^2 + 2\pi (3m)(50m) = 309\pi m^2$$

3. Find the volume of water that this well could hold.

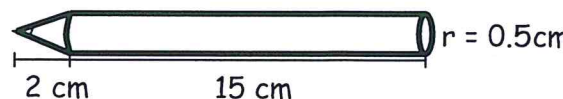
$$V_T = V_c + V_{cyl}$$

$$V_{cyl} = A_f \times h = \pi r^2 h = 450\pi m^3$$

$$\therefore V_T = 462\pi m^3$$

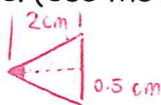
$$V_c = \frac{A_f \times h}{3} = \frac{\pi r^2 h}{3} = \frac{\pi (3m)^2 (4m)}{3} = 12\pi m^3$$

A small lead pencil has a cylindrical base and a conical point.



4. Find the slant height of the cone. (Use the Pythagorean theorem.)

Round to the nearest tenth.



$$a^2 + b^2 = c^2$$

$$c^2 = (0.5 cm)^2 + (2 cm)^2 \quad c = 2.1 cm$$

5. Find the surface area of the whole pencil.

$$S_T = S_{TIP} + S_{cyl} + S_{END}$$

$$S_{cyl} = 2\pi r L = 2\pi (0.5 cm)(15 cm) = 15\pi cm^2$$

$$S_{TIP} = \pi r L = \pi (0.5 cm)(2.1 cm) = 1.05\pi cm^2$$

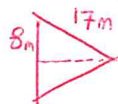
$$S_{END} = \pi r^2$$

$$= \pi (0.5 cm)^2 = 0.25\pi cm^2$$

$$\therefore S_T = 16.3\pi cm^2$$

A rocket has dimensions as shown to the right. The entire rocket is filled with fuel.

6. Find the height of the cone?



$$a^2 = c^2 - b^2$$

$$a = h = 15m$$

7. Find the amount of material needed to construct the surface area of the rocket.

$$S = \pi r^2 = 64\pi m^2$$

$$S_T = S_{cyl} + S_c$$

$$S_c = \pi r L = \pi (8m)(17m) = 136\pi m^2$$

$$S_{cyl} = 2\pi r L = 2\pi (8m)(50m) = 800\pi m^2$$

$$\therefore S_T = 936\pi m^2$$

8. What is the volume of fuel that the rocket may contain?

$$V_T = V_c + V_{cyl}$$

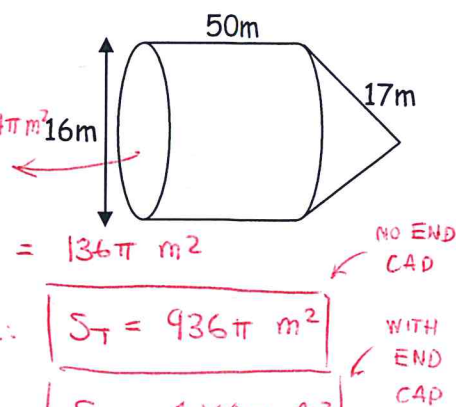
$$V_{cyl} = \pi r^2 h = \pi (8m)^2 (50m) = 3200\pi m^3$$

or

$$S_T = 1000\pi m^2$$

$$V_c = \frac{A_f \times h}{3} = \frac{\pi r^2 h}{3} = \frac{\pi (8m)^2 (15m)}{3} = 320\pi m^3$$

$$\therefore V_T = 3520\pi m^3$$



9. A stick of Sure Solid deodorant is shown to the right.

Find the amount of material (surface area) needed to construct the container.

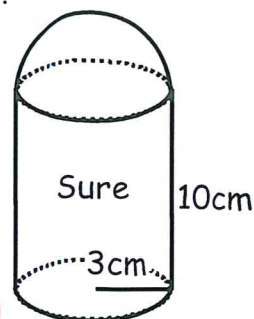
$$S_T = \frac{S_{\text{SPHERE}}}{2} + S_{\text{CYL}} + S_{\text{END}}$$

$$\frac{S_{\text{SPHERE}}}{2} = \frac{4\pi r^2}{2} = 2\pi r^2 = 2\pi(3\text{cm})^2 = 18\pi\text{cm}^2$$

$$S_{\text{CYL}} = 2\pi rh = 2\pi(3\text{cm})(10\text{cm}) = 60\pi\text{cm}^2$$

$$S_{\text{END}} = \pi r^2 = \pi(3\text{cm})^2 = 9\pi\text{cm}^2$$

$$\therefore S_T = 87\pi\text{cm}^2$$

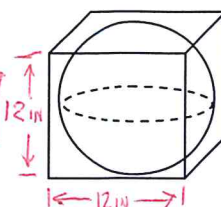


The sphere just fits in a cube with edges 12 in. long.

10. What is the radius of the sphere?

$$d = 12\text{ in}$$

$$r = \frac{d}{2} = \frac{12\text{ in}}{2} = 6\text{ in}$$



11. What is the volume of the space between the sphere and cube?

Round to the nearest tenth.

$$V_{\text{SPACE}} = V_{\text{CUBE}} - V_{\text{SPHERE}}$$

$$V_{\text{SPHERE}} = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3 = \frac{4}{3}\pi(6\text{ in})^3$$

$$= \frac{4}{3}\pi \times 216\text{ in}^3 = 288\pi\text{ in}^3$$

$$V_{\text{CUBE}} = L \times W \times H$$

$$= (12\text{ in})(12\text{ in})(12\text{ in})$$

$$= 1728\text{ in}^3$$

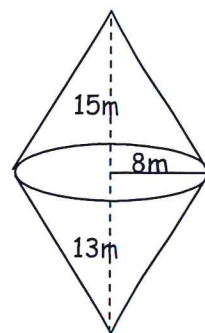
$$\therefore V_{\text{SPACE}} = 1728\text{ in}^3 - 288\pi\text{ in}^3 \approx \boxed{823.21}$$

12. Find the volume of the composite solid. Round to the nearest tenth.

$$V_T = V_{c1} + V_{c2}$$

$$V_{c1} = \frac{\pi r^2 h_1}{3} = \frac{\pi(8\text{ m})^2(15\text{ m})}{3} = 320\pi\text{ m}^3$$

$$V_{c2} = \frac{\pi r^2 h_2}{3} = \frac{\pi(8\text{ m})^2(13\text{ m})}{3} = \frac{832}{3}\pi\text{ m}^3$$



$$V_T = 320\pi\text{ m}^3 + \frac{832}{3}\pi\text{ m}^3$$

$$= \frac{960\pi\text{ m}^3}{3} + \frac{832\pi\text{ m}^3}{3}$$

$$= \frac{1792\pi\text{ m}^3}{3} = \boxed{1876.6\text{ m}^3}$$

